

Continental Watch

From Friday, November 28, 2025 to Tuesday, December 2, 2025

1.HIGHLIGHTS

Multi - Hazard Outlook for the next 5 days :

Level 4 warning for possible extreme precipitation over Mozambique

Level 3 warning for possible extreme precipitation over Malawi, Gabon, Madagascar, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, eSwatini and Republic of Congo

Level 3 warning for possible wind storms over Algeria, Botswana, Libya, Namibia, Morocco and South Africa



Extreme Precipitation:

Level 4: Mozambique (Maputo City)

Level 3: Malawi (Blantyre, Chikwawa, Chiradzulu, Mulanje, Mwanza, Neno, Nsanje, Phalombe, Thyolo, Zomba), Gabon (Ngounié, Nyanga, Ogooué-Maritime), Madagascar (Antananarivo, Mahajanga, Toamasina), Mozambique (Manica, Maputo, Sofala, Zambezia), Zimbabwe (Manicaland), eSwatini (Hhohho, Lubombo, Shiselweni), Republic of Congo (Niari)

Level 2: Malawi (Lilongwe, Machinga, Mangochi, Ntcheu, Salima), Angola (Cuanza Norte, Cuanza Sul, Lunda Norte, Malanje, Uíge, Zaire), Côte d'Ivoire (Comoé, Lacs, Lagunes), Democratic Republic of the Congo (Kasaï-Oriental, Kinshasa, Kongo-Central, Kwango, Mai-Ndombe, Équateur), Republic of Congo (Bouenza, Kouilou, Lékoumou, Plateaux, Pool), Gabon (Estuaire, Haut-Ogooué, Moyen-Ogooué, Ogooué-Ivindo, Ogooué-Lolo), Liberia (Grand Cape Mount, GrandBassa, GrandGedeh, Margibi, Montserrado, Nimba, River Cess, Sinoe), Nigeria (Akwa Ibom, Bayelsa, Rivers), Lesotho (Maseru), Madagascar (Antsiranana, Fianarantsoa), Mozambique (Gaza, Inhambane, Tete), South Africa (Eastern Cape, Gauteng, KwaZulu-Natal, Mpumalanga), Zambia (Lusaka, Southern), Zimbabwe (Mashonaland Central, Mashonaland East, Masvingo), Ghana (Western, Western North Region)

Level 1: Botswana (Central, Gaborone, Kgatleng, Kweneng, South-East), Angola (Bié, Huambo, Moxico), Côte d'Ivoire (Sassandra-Marahoué, Vallée du Bandama, Zanzan), Democratic Republic of the Congo (Haut-Katanga, Haut-Lomami, Kasaï, Lomami, Maniema, Mongala, Sud-Kivu, Tshopo, Tshuapa), Lesotho (Mafeteng, Mohale's Hoek), Tunisia (Jendouba, Nabeul), South Africa (Free State, Limpopo, Northern Cape), eSwatini (Manzini), Zambia (Central, Eastern, Muchinga), Zimbabwe (Mashonaland West, Matabeleland North, Matabeleland South, Midlands)

More details:

Possibility of extreme precipitation greater than 150mm is very likely over south-eastern Mozambique.

Possibility of heavy precipitation between 100mm and 150mm is very likely in southern Gabon, southwestern Congo, southern Malawi, central and southern Mozambique, eastern Zimbabwe, northwestern, and eastern Madagascar.

Possibility of moderate precipitation in the range of 50mm to 100mm is very likely in southern Liberia, southeastern Cote d'Ivoire, southwestern Ghana, southeastern

Nigeria, northern to southern Gabon, southern Congo, western Democratic Republic of Congo, northern Angola, southern Zambia, eastern Zimbabwe, southern Mozambique, Eswatini, eastern South Africa, northern, and southeastern Madagascar.

The differences between areas likely to experience extreme rainfall and forecast impact alert levels are due to variabilities in the population exposed to the hazard as well as levels of vulnerability and coping capacities of the areas at risk.



Wind Storms:

Level 3: Algeria (Ain Defla, Ain Témouchent, Chlef, Mascara, Mostaganem, Naâma, Oran, Relizane, Saïda, Sidi Bel Abbès, Tiaret, Tlemcen), Botswana (Kgalagadi), Libya (Al Marqab, An Nuqat al Khams, Az Zawiyah, Misratah, Tripoli), Namibia (!Karas), Morocco (Oriental, Taza - Al Hoceima - Taounate), South Africa (Eastern Cape, Northern Cape)

Level 2: Malawi (Balaka, Blantyre, Chikwawa, Machinga, Neno, Ntcheu, Thyolo, Zomba), Botswana (Southern), Algeria (Béchar, El Bayadh, Illizi, Tindouf), Sahrawi Republic (Es Semara), Eritrea (Debub), Libya (Al Jabal al Gharbi, Ghat, Murzuq, Nalut), Morocco (Fès - Boulemane, Guelmim - Es-Semara, Meknès - Tafilalet), Lesotho (Butha-Buthe, Leribe, Maseru, Mohale's Hoek, Mokhotlong, Qacha's Nek, Quthing, Thaba-Tseka), Mauritania (Tiris Zemmour), Mozambique (Maputo, Tete, Zambezia), South Africa (Free State, KwaZulu-Natal, North West, Western Cape), eSwatini (Hhohho, Lubombo, Manzini), Tunisia (Tataouine), Chad (Borkou, Tibesti), Sudan (Red Sea), Kenya (Turkana), Somalia (Galguduud, Mudug, Nugaal), Madagascar (Toliary)

Level 1: Algeria (Skikda), Libya (Sabha, Wadi al Hayat), Tunisia (Kassérine, Nabeul, Siliana)

More details:

Possibility of strong winds greater than 35 knots is very likely in northern Morocco, northwestern Algeria, northern Libya, southern Namibia, southwestern Botswana, western, and southern South Africa.

Possibility of Moderate to strong winds of 15 to 35 knots is very likely in northern Morocco, northwestern, and eastern Algeria, northern Mauritania, northwestern, and southern Libya, northern Chad, northeastern Sudan, northwestern Kenya, northern Somalia, southern Malawi, central Mozambique, southern Botswana, northeastern and southern South Africa, and southern Madagascar.

The differences between areas likely to experience strong windstorms and forecast impact alert levels are due to variabilities in the population exposed to the hazard as well as levels of vulnerability and coping capacities of the areas at risk.



Riverine Floods:

Level 1: Angola (Luanda), Republic of Congo (Cuvette-Ouest), Nigeria (Kebbi), South Africa (Free State, Gauteng, Limpopo, Mpumalanga, North West, Northern Cape)

More details:

There is low risk of floods warning level 4 (Extreme) or level 3 (High) forecasted in the continent for the next five days.

3. ADVISORIES

Level 4 Advisory:

Due to the high chances of heavy rainfall and strong winds that is forecast to affect Mozambique, the country at risk is advised to:

- (i) engage with National Hydrometeorological Services to monitor the situation,
- (ii) undertake impact-based forecasts,
- (iii) be ready to activate the flood contingency plans for emergency response (assistance to victims, search & rescue operations),
- (iv) monitor water levels in river basins, reservoirs and dams,
- (v) assess vulnerabilities and evacuation areas,
- (vi) take preparedness measures in case the situation becomes worst,
- (vii) share hazard status information with SADC, the AMHEWAS Situation Room at mhewsituationroom@africa-union.org to enable AMHEWAS to inform African Union organs, departments and partners on the evolving situation,
- (viii) attend an early warning and action dialogue meeting with the African Union Commission to validate this Continental Watch and deliberate on Anticipatory and Early Warning Actions.

Level 3 Advisory:

National Disaster Management Authorities and National Hydrometeorological Services in Madagascar, Mozambique, Botswana, Namibia and South Africa are advised to monitor the heavy rainfall in the next five days due to the medium possibility of heavy rainfall, and update their flood contingency plans. The SADC Regional Climate Centre is advised to monitor closely possible impacts in the affected countries and provide technical assistance if needed.

Level 2 Advisory:

Hydrometeorological and National Disaster Risk Management Authorities of Malawi, Angola, Côte d'Ivoire, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Lesotho, Madagascar, Mozambique, South Africa, Zambia, Zimbabwe, Botswana, Malawi, Eritrea, Lesotho, Somalia and Eswatini are advised to continue monitoring strong winds and the rainfall evolutions that are expected to cause sporadic flash floods and wind storm.

4. SOURCES

Copernicus Emergency Management Service GloFAS - www.globalfloods.eu

<https://www.acmad.org>

<https://www.ecmwf.int/en/forecasts/eccharts>

<https://www.meteo.fr>

<https://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov>

<https://www.metoffice.gov.uk>

<https://ercportal.jrc.ec.europa.eu>

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Ministero degli Affari Esteri
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AGENZIA ITALIANA
PER LA COOPERAZIONE
ALLO SVILUPPO



UNDRR
UN Office for Disaster Risk Reduction



Africa Multi-hazard Early Warning and Action System