

## Continental Watch

From Tuesday, December 16, 2025 to Saturday, December 20, 2025

### 1.HIGHLIGHTS

#### Observed events over the last five days:

(From Thursday, December 11, 2025 to Monday, December 15, 2025)

##### Morocco – Floods

- Very heavy rainfall has been affecting central-western Morocco, particularly the Safi Province in the Marrakesh-Safi region, over the past 72 hours. This has caused flash floods that have resulted in loss of life and damage to critical infrastructure.
- According to media reports, as of 16 December, 37 people have lost their lives, 32 have been injured, around 150 displaced, and approximately 300 people have been affected across the coastal city of Safi. Significant damage to critical infrastructure has also been reported.

##### Democratic Republic of the Congo – Floods, Update

- On 9–10 December, very heavy rainfall affected the port city of Boma in Kongo Central Province, western Democratic Republic of the Congo (DRC), causing flooding that resulted in loss of life and damage to critical infrastructure.
- According to media reports, as of 16 December, two people have lost their lives, two are missing, 25 are injured, and 3,600 are displaced due to the overflow of the Kalamu River, which also caused a bridge collapse. In addition, the same source reports that nearly 32,150 people have been affected across the area.

#### Multi - Hazard Outlook for the next 5 days :

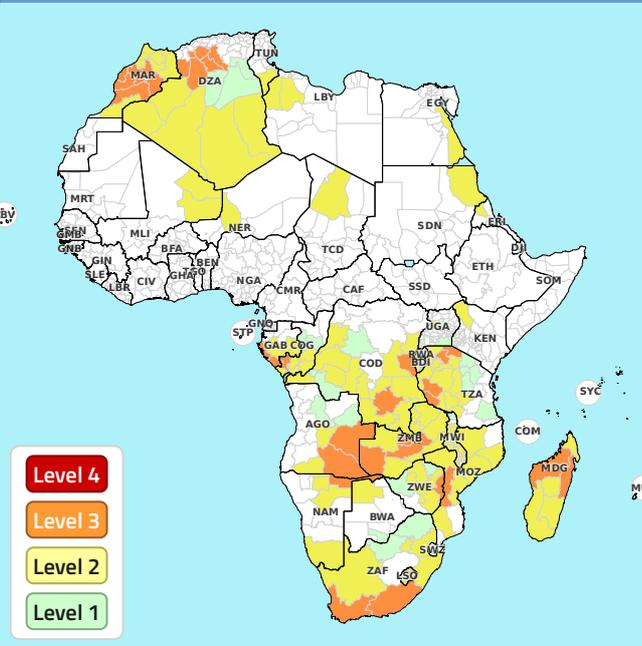
**Level 3** warning for possible extreme precipitation over Angola, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Madagascar, Mozambique, Tanzania, Zambia, Zimbabwe, Gabon, Republic of Congo and Namibia

**Level 3** warning for possible wind storms over Morocco, Algeria and South Africa

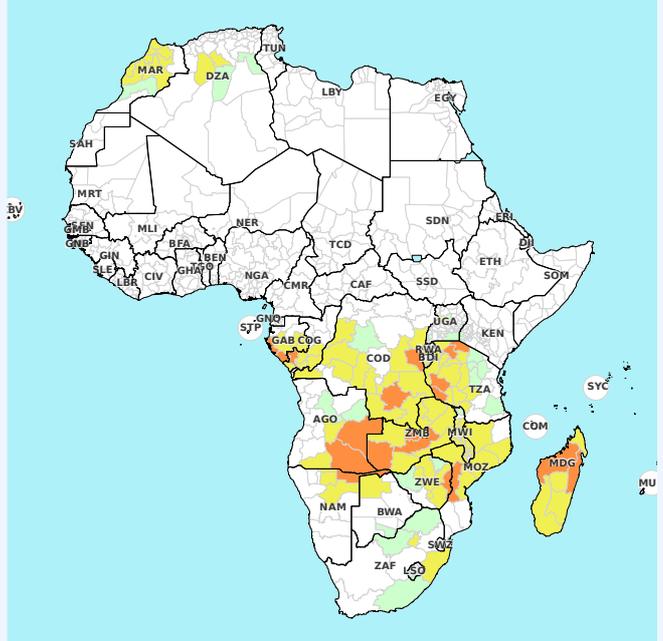
## 2. DETAILED MULTI-HAZARD OUTLOOK FOR THE NEXT 5 DAYS

From Tuesday, December 16, 2025 to Saturday, December 20, 2025

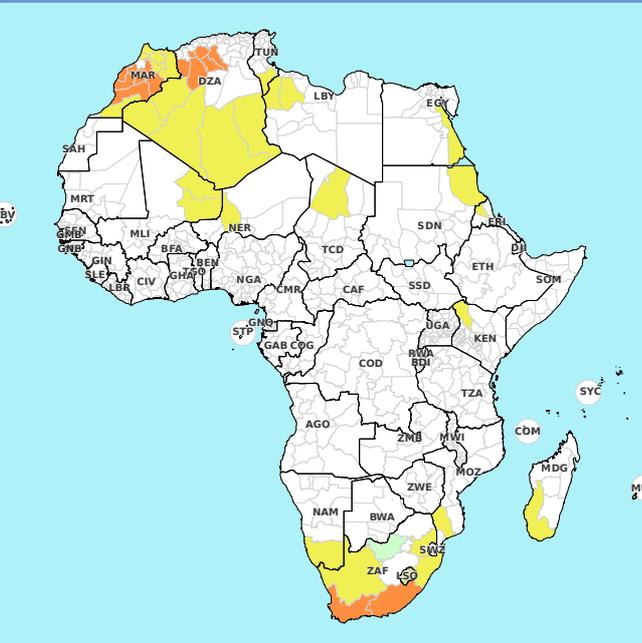
### Multi-Hazard assessment



### Extreme Precipitation



### Wind Storms



### Riverine Floods



These maps summarize the forecast occurrence of extreme precipitation, wind storms and riverine floods possibly affecting the population in the next 5 days. Regions are color-coded into four classes of warning according to increasing rates of population affected, from Level 1 (lowest warning) to Level 4 (highest warning). Areas with no significant impacts foreseen are colored in white. Impacts are estimated by crossing information on hazard, exposure, vulnerability and coping capacity. Hazard classes are defined according to threshold levels for each hazard derived from statistical analysis on past events or from reference literature values. The Multi-Hazard assessment map shows the highest forecast warning level among the considered hazards in the next 5 days.



### Extreme Precipitation:

**Level 3:** Angola (Cuando Cubango, Moxico), Democratic Republic of the Congo (Haut-Lomami, Sud-Kivu), Madagascar (Mahajanga, Toamasina), Mozambique (Manica), Tanzania (Katavi, Mara, Mwanza, Rukwa), Zambia (Central, Copperbelt, Western), Zimbabwe (Manicaland), Gabon (Nyanga, Ogooué-Maritime), Republic of Congo (Niari), Namibia (Kavango, Zambezi)

**Level 2:** Burundi (Bubanza, Bujumbura Mairie, Bujumbura Rural, Bururi, Cibitoke, Gitega, Makamba, Rutana, Ruyigi), Malawi (Balaka, Blantyre, Chikwawa, Dedza, Dowa, Kasungu, Lilongwe, Machinga, Mangochi, Mchinji, Mulanje, Mzimba, Neno, Nkhata Bay, Nkhotakota, Nsanje, Ntcheu, Phalombe, Salima, Zomba), Botswana (North-West), Angola (Bié, Cunene), Democratic Republic of the Congo (Haut-Katanga, Kasai, Kasai-Central, Kongo-Central, Kwilu, Lomami, Lualaba, Maniema, Mai-Ndombe, Nord-Kivu, Tanganyika, Équateur), Republic of Congo (Bouenza, Kouilou, Lékoumou, Plateaux, Pool), Algeria (El Bayadh, Laghouat), Gabon (Haut-Ogooué, Moyen-Ogooué, Ngounié, Ogooué-Lolo), Morocco (Chaouia - Ouardigha, Doukkala - Abda, Fès - Boulemane, Gharb - Chrarda - Béni Hssen, Grand Casablanca, Marrakech - Tensift - Al Haouz, Meknès - Tafilalet, Rabat - Salé - Zemmour - Zaer, Tadla - Azilal, Tanger - Tétouan, Taza - Al Hoceima - Taounate), Madagascar (Antananarivo, Antsiranana, Fianarantsoa, Toliary), Mozambique (Nampula, Nassa, Sofala, Tete, Zambezia), Namibia (Ohangwena, Oshikoto, Otjozondjupa), Rwanda (Amajyaruguru, Amajyepfo, Iburengerazuba), Tanzania (Geita, Iringa, Kagera, Kigoma, Mbeya, Njombe, Shinyanga, Simiyu, Singida, Songwe, Tabora), Uganda (Masindi), South Africa (Gauteng, KwaZulu-Natal), Zambia (Eastern, Luapula, Lusaka, Muchinga, North-Western, Northern, Southern), Zimbabwe (Mashonaland East, Mashonaland West, Masvingo, Midlands)

**Level 1:** Botswana (Southern), Kenya (Homa Bay, Migori, Siaya), Malawi (Chiradzulu, Chitipa, Karonga, Mwanza), Angola (Lunda Sul, Malanje), Democratic Republic of the Congo (Tshuapa), Algeria (El Oued, Ghardaïa), Lesotho (Mafeteng, Maseru, Mohale's Hoek, Quthing), Morocco (Souss - Massa - Draâ), Uganda (Apac, Bushenyi, Lake Victoria), Tanzania (Arusha, Dodoma, Lindi, Manyara), South Africa (Eastern Cape, Limpopo, North West), eSwatini (Manzini), Zimbabwe (Mashonaland Central, Matabeleland North)

### More details:

**Possibility of heavy precipitation between 100mm and 150mm** is very likely in western Gabon, southwestern Congo, eastern, and southern Democratic Republic of

Congo, northern, and southwestern Tanzania, southeastern Angola, northeastern Namibia, southern Zambia, eastern Zimbabwe, western Mozambique, western, and northeastern Madagascar.

**Possibility of moderate precipitation in the range of 50mm to 100mm** is very likely in northern Morocco, northwestern Algeria, northern, and eastern Gabon, southern Congo, across Democratic Republic of Congo, southwestern Uganda, western Rwanda, Burundi, western Tanzania, across Zambia, Malawi, northern, and central Mozambique, northeastern Namibia, northern Botswana, northeastern South Africa, Eswatini, northern, and southern Madagascar.

*The differences between areas likely to experience extreme rainfall and forecast impact alert levels are due to variabilities in the population exposed to the hazard as well as levels of vulnerability and coping capacities of the areas at risk.*



**Wind Storms:**

**Level 3:** Morocco (Chaouia - Ouardigha, Doukkala - Abda, Marrakech - Tensift - Al Haouz, Meknès - Tafilalet, Souss - Massa - Draâ, Tadla - Azilal), Algeria (Djelfa, El Bayadh, Laghouat, Naâma, Saïda, Tiaret), South Africa (Eastern Cape, Western Cape)

**Level 2:** Algeria (Adrar, Béchar, Illizi, Tamanghasset, Tindouf), Egypt (Al Bahr al Ahmar), Eritrea (Semenawi Keyih Bahri), Morocco (Fès - Boulemane, Gharb - Chrarda - Béni Hssen, Guelmim - Es-Semara, Oriental, Tanger - Tétouan, Taza - Al Hoceima - Taounate), Libya (Al Jabal al Gharbi, Nalut), Lesotho (Butha-Buthe, Leribe, Maseru, Mohale's Hoek, Mokhotlong, Quthing, Thaba-Tseka), Madagascar (Toliary), Mozambique (Gaza), Mali (Gao, Kidal), Niger (Tahoua), South Africa (KwaZulu-Natal, Mpumalanga, Northern Cape), Tunisia (Tataouine), Chad (Borkou), Sudan (Red Sea), Namibia (!Karas), Kenya (Turkana)

**Level 1:** South Africa (North West)

**More details:**

**Possibility of strong winds greater than 35 knots** is very likely in northern Morocco, northwestern Algeria, and southern South Africa.

**Possibility of Moderate to strong winds of 15 to 35 knots** is very likely in northern Morocco, northern Algeria, southern Tunisia, northwestern Libya, eastern Egypt, northeastern Sudan, northern Eritrea, northwestern Kenya, northeastern Mali, northwestern Niger, northwestern Chad, southern Namibia, southern Mozambique, Eswatini, Lesotho, eastern South Africa, eastern, and southern Madagascar.

*The differences between areas likely to experience strong winds and forecast impact alert levels are due to variabilities in the population exposed to the hazard as well as levels of vulnerability and coping capacities of the areas at risk.*



**Riverine Floods:**

**Level 2:** Morocco (Grand Casablanca)

**Level 1:** Angola (Cabinda, Luanda), Democratic Republic of the Congo (Kinshasa, Kwango), Republic of Congo (Cuvette, Cuvette-Ouest), Algeria (El Oued, Ouargla), Morocco (Meknès - Tafilalet)

**More details:** There is low risk of floods warning level 4 (extreme) or level 3 (high) forecasted in the continent for the next five days.

### 3. ADVISORIES

#### Level 4 Advisory:

According to the forecast in this edition of the Continental Watch, no member state of the African Union has been cited in level 4 warning for possible extreme precipitation, riverine flooding, and strong winds.

#### Level 3 Advisory:

National Disaster Management Authorities and National Hydrometeorological Services in Morocco, Algeria, South Africa, Republic of Congo, Tanzania, Democratic Republic of Congo, Angola, Namibia, Zambia, Mozambique, Madagascar and Zimbabwe are advised to closely monitor heavy rainfall and strong wind conditions expected over the next five days, given the moderate likelihood of severe weather, which may result in localized flooding, flash floods, and damaging winds in vulnerable areas. Authorities are encouraged to review and update flood and wind-related contingency plans and ensure preparedness for early response. The UMA, ECCAS, and SADC Regional Climate Centres and Disaster Risk Management Units are advised to closely monitor potential impacts in the affected countries and provide technical and coordination support as required.

#### Level 2 Advisory:

Hydrometeorological and National Disaster Risk Management Authorities of Burundi, Angola, Algeria, Republic of Congo, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Morocco, Madagascar, Gabon, Mali, Niger, Chad, Mozambique, Malawi, Rwanda, Uganda, Burundi, Malawi, Botswana, Tunisia, Tanzania, South Africa, Namibia, Mozambique, Eswatini, Lesotho, Egypt, Sudan, Eritria, Kenya, Madagascar, Zambia, Zimbabwe and Libya, are advised to maintain enhanced monitoring of evolving rainfall patterns and strong wind conditions, which may lead to localized flash flooding and episodes of strong winds in affected areas. Authorities are encouraged to strengthen preparedness measures and maintain readiness for early response.

### 4. SOURCES

Copernicus Emergency Management Service GloFAS - [www.globalfloods.eu](http://www.globalfloods.eu)

<https://www.acmad.org>

<https://www.ecmwf.int/en/forecasts/eccharts>

<https://www.meteo.fr>

<https://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov>

<https://www.metoffice.gov.uk>

<https://erccportal.jrc.ec.europa.eu>



Africa Multi-Hazard Early Warning and Action System for DRR  
Continental Situation Room

Contact us: [mhewsituationroom@africa-union.org](mailto:mhewsituationroom@africa-union.org)

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Ministero degli Affari Esteri  
e della Cooperazione Internazionale



AGENZIA ITALIANA  
PER LA COOPERAZIONE  
ALLO SVILUPPO



UNDRR  
UN Office for Disaster Risk Reduction



Africa Multi-hazard Early Warning and Action System